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Atmospheric Science and Air Quality at Chilbolton Observatory

Judith Jeffery, lidar and meteorological instruments manager









Chilbolton Observatory







Active in supporting STFC, HEIs and UKRI research into:

- Atmospheric science
- Radio science
- Space
- Astronomy



Chilbolton Observatory 1967...







- Field Station for "research on radio propagation, including study of problems concerning satellite communications systems"
- Took 4 years to build and commission
- Cost = £428,000

Atmospheric Science





- In recent years, atmospheric science measurements have been our largest area of work.
- Our radio communications measurements required a lot of supporting weather information, so meteorology was a natural progression.
- Our measurements today fit into 2 categories:
 - Ground-based profiling: radar, lidar and microwave radiometer
 - In-situ measurements: a wide range of sensors for weather, rainfall, solar radiation, air quality...









Atmospheric observation facilities for NERC science

Under the scientific direction of NCAS, STFC operates NFARR on behalf of NERC as part of its Scientific Support and Facilities (S&F) portfolio.

From April 2020 this will be part of a wider Atmospheric Measurement and Observation Facility (AMOF).

STFC staff associated with Chilbolton are also members of NCAS.

- Multi-instrumented facility for studying clouds, rainfall, boundary-layer processes and aerosols.
- High-resolution meteorological and cloud radars
- Data archived at Centre for Environmental Data Analysis (CEDA).
- Long-term measurements as part of international networks
 - AERONET (Aerosol Robotic Network)
 - ACTRIS (Aerosol, Clouds and Trace Gases Research Infrastructure)
 - Currently cloud remote sensing (as part of Cloudnet).
 - Planned aerosol profiling with procurement of new Raman lidar









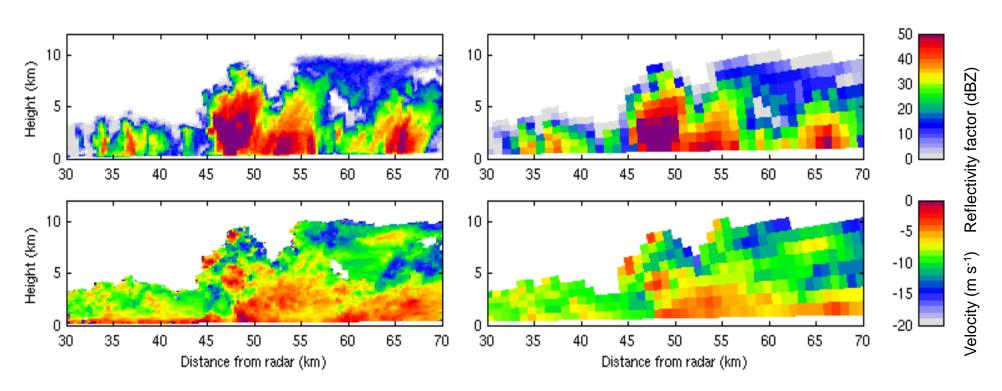
Rain with high resolution radar





Chilbolton: 0.28deg x 300m

Radar with 1deg x 900m



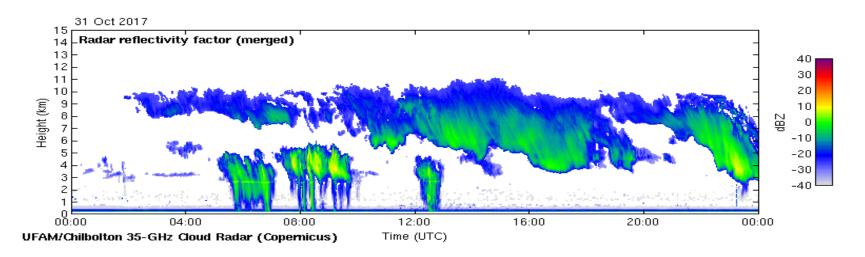
The 25 m radar dish allows high resolution observations to distances of over 100 km.

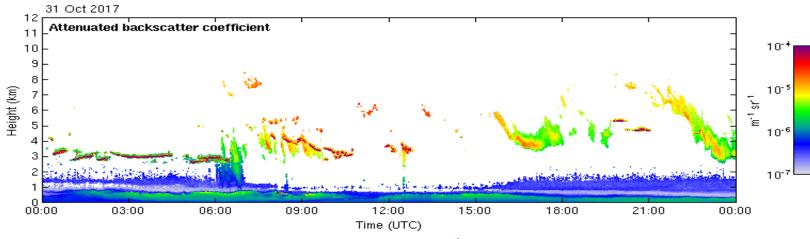


Radar and lidar together









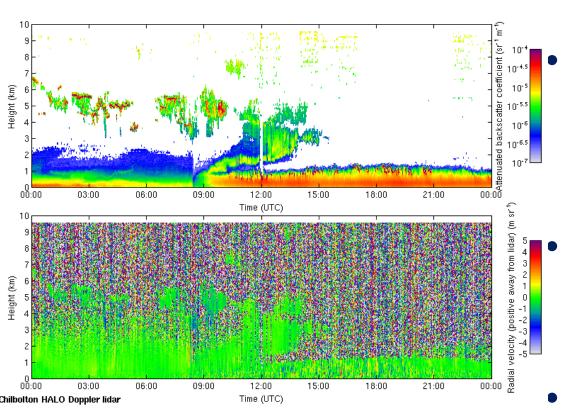


Boundary layer properties









Storm Ophelia – 16/10/2017

- Halo Doppler lidar provides both aerosol backscattering and boundary layer radial winds
 - When combined with 3D sonic anemometer data, boundary layer can be classified into different types, e.g. stable, unstable and the boundary layer height derived (Natalie Harvey, U. Reading)
 - Halo lidar data used as a rural reference in studies of the development of the urban boundary layer over London (Janet Barlow, U. Reading)
- Boundary layer conditions have large influence on dispersal of pollutants – area for future collaboration?



Meteorological instruments







- A wide range of meteorological measurements are made at Chilbolton Observatory, most with a continuous time series of 10 years or more.
- The site is large, with space and flexibility to accommodate visiting instruments.
- Part of worldwide AERONET network, which measures aerosol optical depth and aerosol properties, since 2005.



DEFRA air quality monitoring







- Since 2016 the UK rural background site for air quality has been located at Chilbolton Observatory
- A wide range of species are measured 24/7:

particulates, NO_x, ozone, SO₂, benzene...



Air quality networks





 Air quality measurements at Chilbolton are part of several networks:

AURN: Automatic Urban and Rural Network

AHN: Automatic Hydrocarbon Network

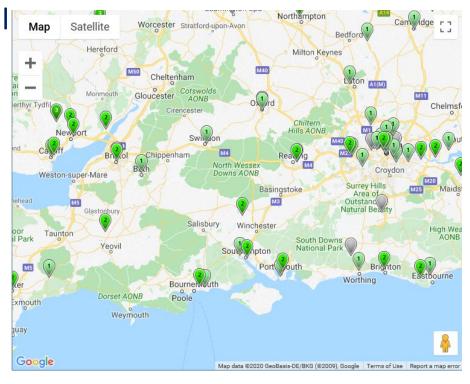
UKEAP: UK Eutrophying & Acidifying Network, including acid gases, rainfall, aerosol and rainfall

PAH: Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons

Heavy metals, including mercury

MARGA: Monitor for Aerosols and Gases in ambient Air

Particulates





Recent projects







- Chilbolton Observatory has supported several projects in recent years which had an air quality component:
 - BIOARC: current research project to measure the bio-aerosol climatology of the UK. Field measurements of particulates, particularly pollen, at Chilbolton Observatory in 2019 and 2020 and FAAM research aircraft flights
 - APPRAISE: Aerosol Properties,
 PRocesses And InfluenceS on the Earth's climate. Field measurements of particulates at Chilbolton Observatory











